

MINI SIREN 2 TONE CODE 229



The mini siren 2 tone circuit is easy application and low cost. It can be adjusted between two tone going throughout a loudspeaker. It is suitable for installing in playing car, alarm-systems, door bells etc.

Technical specifications:

- power supply: 9VDC.

- consumption: 40mA max.

- loudspeaker connection: 8 Ohm/0.25W

- dimensions: 2.14 x 1.19 inches

How to works:

There are two oscillated set in the circuit. One that generates frequency approximately at 1 Hz consists of TR1, TR2, R1 to R4, C1 and C2. The frequency from this one controls the other which consists of TR3, TR4, R5 to R8, C5 and C6 generating high frequency. High frequency controlled by low frequency is transmitted through the emitter of TR4 to the base of TR5 to be amplified. At the emitter of TR2, there are C3 and C4 that produce tail end of tone is chock because only C3 works. On the other hand, when the switch is at the base, the tail tone is longer because C3 and C4 are connected inparallel so the value of C is higher resulting the tone to be longer.

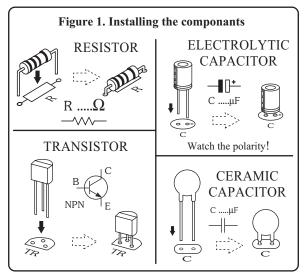
PCB assembly:

Shown in Figure 3 is the assembled PCB. Starting with the lowest height components first, taking care not to short any tracks or touch the edge connector with solder. Some tracks run under components, and care should be taken not to short out these tracks. If the pins will not enter the holes with ease, use a small drill to slightly enlarge the opening. All components with axial

leads should be carefully bent to fit the position on the PCB and then soldered into place. Make sure that the electrolytic capacitors are inserted the correct way around. Some components are particularly sensitive to heat (ie: Transistors, IC's, diodes etc.) extra care must be taken to only apply the iron for as little time as possible, using a pair of pliers to grip the leads will help conduct heat away. Trim components leads with wire cutters to prevent excess lengths causing a short circuit. Now check that you really did mount them all the right way round!

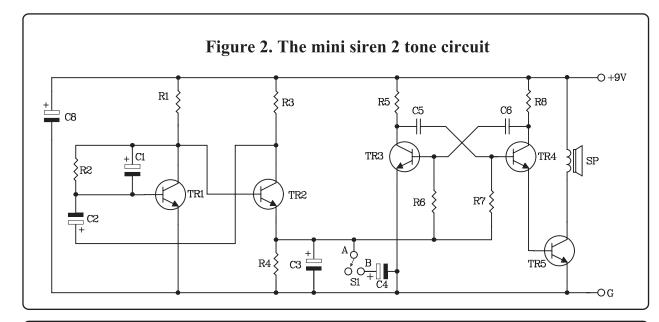
Testing:

This kit has an operating voltage range of 9 VDC. Apply power supply. You will hear the siren sound from the loudspeaker. If you slide SW to "A" or "B" point, the circuit is generate the different siren sound.



Troubleshooting:

The most problem like the fault soldering. Check all the soldering joint suspicious. If you discover the short track or the short soldering joint, re-solder at that point and check other the soldering joint. Check the position of all component on the PCB. See that there are no components missing or inserted in the wrong places. Make sure that all the polarised components have been soldered the right way round.



SPEAKER 8 Ω 0.25W

POWER

9-12VDC

9-12VDC

220VAC

9-12VDC

9-12VDC

3VDC

9VDC

NONE

4.5-12VDC

